# **Summer Heat Safety**

Extreme heat can cause illness and even death

## Who's at Highest Risk?

- Individuals 65 years of age or older
  - Overweight people
  - Children up to age four
  - Those who work outdoors
- People who are ill or on certain medications

#### **Be Smart**

- Don't leave infants, pets or elderly people in parked cars.
- Check on elderly and home-bound people often. Encourage them to drink water.
  - Drink plenty of water, even if you don't feel thirsty.
  - Avoid alcohol and liquids containing large amounts of sugar or caffeine.
    - Limit vigorous activity to cooler morning or evening hours.
      - Wear loose-fitting, lightweight light-colored clothing.
  - Wear sunglasses, a wide-brimmed hat and SPF 15 or higher sunscreen.

#### Be Aware!

# Seek medical help if you or someone you know is experiencing the following:

- Muscle pain
- Throbbing headache
- Cramps
- Red, hot skin without sweating
- High body temperature

- Confusion
- Nausea
- Tiredness
- Weakness
- Fast breathing
- Fast, weak pulse
- Seizures

#### **First Aid**

## Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or victim has a medical issue

- Get the victim out of the sun
- Loosen clothing and lay them down
- Cool down using a hose, sponge, or cold bath
- Wrap victim in wet sheets and fan vigorously
- Give small sips of water
- If vomiting or unconscious, do not give food or water

# **Attention Athletes**

- Hydrate before, during and after physical activity.
- Use flavored, cold, salty sports drinks, like Gatorade to replace electrolytes.
- Avoid wearing excess clothing, including sweatshirts.
- Remove helmet when not playing or scrimmaging.
- Wear a net-type jersey.

### **Know the Facts**

- About 675 people die each year in the U.S. due to extreme heat.
- Every location in Michigan has experienced extreme heat (100 degrees) at some point.
- Detroit area experiences about twelve days a year that reach 90 degrees or higher.
- Warm nights with temperatures above 70 degrees make it difficult for the body to cool itself and creates even more heat-related stress on the body for the next day.

## Heat Watches, Advisories and Warnings

Issued by the National Weather Service

**Excessive Heat Watch** - Issued when the heat index has the possibility of reaching 105 degrees within the next two-three days.

**Heat Advisory** - Issued when the heat index is expected to be at least 100 degrees for at least three hours. May be issued when several hot days occur together.

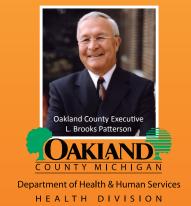
**Excessive Heat Warning** - Issued when the heat index is expected to be at 105 degrees for three hours or more. May be issued with several successive days of heat.

For more information on summer heat safety, call (248) 858-1406 or toll free 1(800) 848-5533.

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